EXAMPLE PAPER: A GENERAL MODEL OF INFORMATION TRANSFER

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KEYWORDS

Model, π in the C-Ky, X-Y-Z Analysis.

ABSTRACT

Begin each paper with an abstract (100-200 words) that summarises the topic and important results presented in the paper. It should start in the left column, approximately 7cm from the top edge of the paper, and 2cm from the left edge. Include the abstract heading as shown. Use the bold version of your font and type in caps. Skip a line space, then begin the abstract at the left margin. The abstract should preferably not contain formulas, pictures, or references.

PREPARING THE REMAINING PAGES

For the remaining pages follow the general guidelines below:

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Type in capitals, beginning flush with left-hand margin. Use a bold font. Skip half a line space, then begin.

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Capitalise the first letter of each word, beginning flush with left-hand margin. Use a bold font. Skip half a line space, then begin.

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Try to avoid secondary subheadings as much as possible. These should not be necessary in a 7- or 10-page paper. Use the standard font or the italic version of the font (in this case Times Italic 10). Capitalise the first letter of each word. Text follows on the next line, do not skip a line space.

MATHEMATICAL NOTATIONS AND EQUATIONS

Each displayed equation should be proceeded and followed by a half blank line. Display only the most important equations and number only the displaced equations that are explicitly referenced within the text. Within the display enclose the equation number in parentheses and place it flush with the right-hand margin of the column, for example:

$$x(t) = A(t)x(t) + w(t) + u(t)$$
 (1)

Within the text each reference to an equation number should also be enclosed in parentheses as in this reference to Equation (1) above. The equation should preferably also be 10 points.

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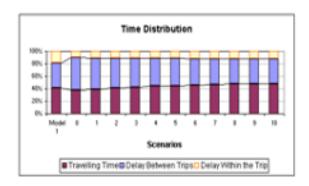


Figure 1: Capitalise Caption with No-Period.

Tables should appear in the document following the paragraph in which the table is first referenced. Centre

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Table 1: Capitalise Caption with No-Period

R mg	3	5	10
5	0,10	0,20	0,05
10	0,15	0,40	0.10
20	0,20	0,80	0,15
30	0,25	1,60	0,20
40	0,30	3,20	0,25
50	0,35	6,40	0,30
60	0,40	12,80	0,35

the table number and the caption above the table using the following format.

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Examples of References

In text:

(Balci, 1985) – one author

(Balci and Sargent, 1981) – two authors

(Felker et al., 1980) – more than two authors

(Hawking, 1982a) – a trailing lowercase letter should distinguish multiple papers by the same author(s) published during a single year (also in the references section)

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The examples below show what a reference should look like in a journal (Balci and Sargent 1981), for a book (Felker et al. 1980), for a book chapter (Balci and Sargent 1983), in a conference proceeding (Gass 1978), for a special publication (National Bureau of Standards 1976), for a technical report (Balci 1985), and for an internal report (Inglehart and Shedler 1983).

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- National Bureau of Standards. Guidelines for documentation of computer programs and automated data systems. Federal Information Processing Standards Publication 38, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., Feb 1976.

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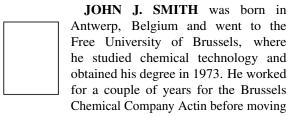
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in 1986 to the University of Anytown where he is now leading a large research group in the field of simulation for X-Y-Z Analysis. His e-mail address is: ${\tt JJSmith@anytown.com}$ and his web page can be found at ${\tt http://www.anytown.com/\sim}$ smith.

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