
Title of the article for SCMI journal submission

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1 **Abstract:** The abstract is a single paragraph of about 200 words maximum. For research
2 articles, abstracts should give a pertinent overview of the work. We strongly encourage
3 authors to use the following style of structured abstracts, without headings: Background,
4 Methods, Results, and Conclusion. The abstract should be an objective representation
5 of the article; it must not contain results that are not presented and substantiated in the
6 main text and should not exaggerate the main conclusions. The abstract is supposed
7 to cover background and existed issues (10% of abstract), what you have proposed
8 (15%), describe the solution procedure in detail (45%), and describe the experiment's
9 performance, efficiency, etc. (30%).

10 **Keywords:** keyword 1; keyword 2; keyword 3; keyword 3

11 1. Introduction

12 The introduction should concisely place the study in a comprehensive meaning and highlight
13 why it is essential. It should describe the scope of the work and its importance. The current state
14 of the research field should be evaluated thoroughly, and key publications cited. Please highlight
15 controversial and diverging hypotheses when necessary. Conclusively state the main aim of the work
16 and highlight the principal conclusions. As far as possible, please keep the introduction comprehensible
17 to scientists outside your particular field of research. Citing a journal paper [1]. Moreover, now citing
18 a book reference [4].

19 2. Results

20 This section may be divided by subheadings. It should provide a concise and precise description
21 of the experimental results, their interpretation, and the experimental conclusions are drawn.

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24 are drawn.

25 2.1. Subsection

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27 Bulleted lists look like this:

- 28 • First bullet
- 29 • Second bullet
- 30 • Third bullet

31 Numbered lists can be added as follows:



- 32 1. First item
- 33 2. Second item
- 34 3. Third item

35 The text continues here.

36 2.2. Figures, Tables, and Schemes

37 All figures and tables should be cited in the main text as Figure 1, Table 1, etc.



Figure 1. This is a figure; schemes follow the same formatting. If there are multiple panels, they should be listed as (a) Description of what is contained in the first panel. (b) Description of what is contained in the second panel.

38 Figures should be placed in the main text near to the first time they are cited. A caption on a
39 single line should be centered. Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text

Table 1. This is a table caption.

Title 1	Title 2	Title 3
entry 1	data	data
entry 2	data	data

40 Tables should be placed in the main text near to the first time they are cited. Text Text Text Text
41 Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text

42 2.3. Formatting of Mathematical Components

43 This is an example of an equation:

$$x \times y \sum z = d \tag{1}$$

44 Please punctuate equations as regular text. Theorem-type environments (including propositions,
45 lemmas, corollaries, etc.) can be formatted as follows:

46 **Theorem 1.** *Example text of a theorem.*

47 The text continues here. Proofs must be formatted as follows:

48 **Proof of Theorem 1.** Text of the proof. Note that the phrase ‘of Theorem 1’ is optional if it is clear
49 which theorem is being referred to. □

50 The text continues here.

51 3. Discussion

52 Writers should present the results and how they can be interpreted from former studies and
53 effective hypotheses. The conclusions and their associations should be discussed in the most
54 comprehensive context possible. Future research directions may also be highlighted.



55 4. Conclusions

56 The conclusion is a summary of the main ideas that come out of the discussion. This section is not
57 mandatory but can be added to the manuscript if the discussion is unusually long or complex.

58 **Acknowledgments:** In this section, the authors can acknowledge any support given. This may include
59 administrative and technical support or funding. .

60 Appendix A

61 *Appendix A.1*

62 The appendix is an elective segment that can include features and data supplemental to the main
63 text. For example, descriptions of experimental features that would disrupt the main text's flow remain
64 crucial to understanding and reproducing the research shown; figures of replicates for experiments of
65 which representative data is shown in the main text can be added here brief, or as Supplementary data.
66 Mathematical proofs of results not central to the paper can be added as an appendix.

67 Appendix B

68 All appendix sections must be cited in the main text. In the appendixes, Figures, Tables, etc.,
69 should be labeled starting with 'A,' e.g., Figure A1, Figure A2, etc.

70 References

- 71 1. Author1, T. The title of the cited article. *Journal Abbreviation* **2008**, *10*, 142–149.
- 72 4. Author2, L. The title of the cited contribution. In *The Book Title*; Editor1, F, Editor2, A., Eds.; Publishing House:
73 City, Country, 2007; pp. 32–58.
- 74 4. Author2, L. The title of the cited contribution. In *The Book Title*; Editor1, F, Editor2, A., Eds.; Publishing House:
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